International Relations · GS - II

Examine the implications of political instability in Bangladesh for India’s neighbourhood policy. Suggest measures to maintain stable and mutually beneficial bilateral relations.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 19/10/2026	GS - II	International Relations

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
10	~150 words

Answer Hint

Neighbourhood First Policy, political stability, border management, trade, connectivity, security cooperation, migration, water sharing, diplomatic engagement, non-interference.

Model Answer

Introduction

Bangladesh is an important neighbour of India due to geographical proximity, economic links and shared security and environmental concerns. Political instability there can affect several dimensions of bilateral cooperation.

Implications for India

1. **Border security:** Political uncertainty may complicate border management and cooperation against transnational crime.
2. **Economic relations:** Disruptions can affect trade, transit arrangements and regional supply chains.
3. **Regional connectivity:** Political tensions may slow transport and infrastructure initiatives linking northeastern India with neighbouring regions.
4. **Strategic interests:** Instability can create challenges for regional cooperation and India's wider neighbourhood policy.

Way Forward

India should maintain diplomatic engagement with Bangladesh's institutions and relevant stakeholders, respect its sovereignty, and avoid interference in domestic political processes. Cooperation on trade, water sharing, energy, connectivity and border management should continue through established mechanisms. Consular coordination and dialogue can also help manage sensitive situations.

Conclusion

A stable, constructive relationship with Bangladesh is important for regional peace and prosperity. A pragmatic, people-centred approach can protect India's interests while supporting mutually beneficial cooperation.

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