International Relations · GS - II

“Peace and tranquillity along the Line of Actual Control are essential for the broader development of India-China relations.” Analyse the significance of sustained border negotiations.

EXAM YEAR	PAPER	SUBJECT
DAILY PRACTICE 25/11/2026	GS - II	International Relations

MARKS	WORD LIMIT
15	~250 words

Answer Hint

Strategic stability, LAC, military disengagement, confidence-building measures, bilateral relations, border infrastructure, diplomatic dialogue

Model Answer

India and China share a long, disputed boundary where differing perceptions of the Line of Actual Control (LAC) have periodically generated military tensions. Sustained negotiations are therefore essential for preventing local confrontations from escalating into wider strategic crises.

Significance of border negotiations

1. **Conflict prevention:** Military commander-level talks provide channels to address troop confrontations and reduce the possibility of unintended escalation.
2. **Disengagement and de-escalation:** Negotiations help facilitate separation of opposing forces and reduce immediate operational tensions.
3. **Confidence-building:** Agreements and communication mechanisms promote transparency, predictability and restraint along the border.
4. **Strategic stability:** Peace along the LAC allows both countries to focus on economic development and regional priorities.

5. **Diplomatic engagement:** Progress on border management can create conditions for cooperation in trade, multilateral forums and regional affairs.

Persistent obstacles

Unresolved boundary claims, differing perceptions of the LAC, infrastructure development and mutual strategic distrust continue to complicate negotiations. Disengagement at specific friction points does not necessarily mean complete de-escalation or final boundary settlement.

The way forward

India should combine sustained diplomatic engagement with credible border infrastructure, military preparedness and effective communication mechanisms. Existing agreements and institutional dialogue should be strengthened, while the final boundary settlement should remain a distinct long-term objective.

Conclusion: Negotiations are not merely crisis-management instruments; they are essential mechanisms for maintaining strategic stability. Durable peace requires verifiable arrangements, mutual restraint and continuous diplomatic engagement.

BECOME IAS
AI POWERED UPSC PREP